Limit/control side effects of ADT

- Loss of libido and erectile dysfunction
- Anaemia
- Osteoporosis
- Impairment of cognitive function
- Metabolic syndrome
- Cardiovascular events

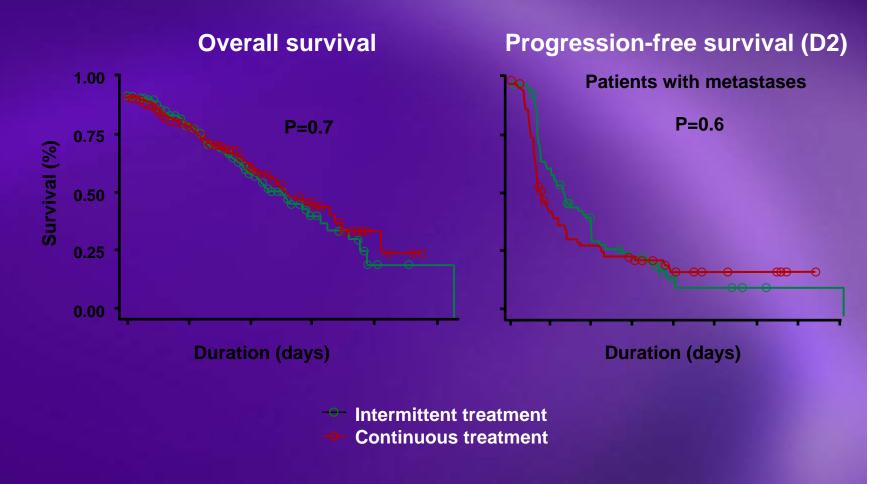
'Global' patient approach: Preserving androgen status

- If ADT is necessary, take precautionary measures:
 - Stop smoking
 - Regular physical exercise
 - 'Cerebral training'
 - Diet
 - Cardiovascular evaluation
 - Monitor glycaemia, serum lipids
 - Use cholesterol-lowering agents

Intermittent ADT

- Prolong hormone response (?)
- Limit the side effects of ADT by alternating periods on and off therapy

ADT efficacy: Intermittent similar to continuous



Modern hormonal therapy

- Select patients suitable for hormonal therapy (benefit/risk)
- Treat the patients effectively from the start
- Degarelix represents a new effective ADT

Discovery of degarelix

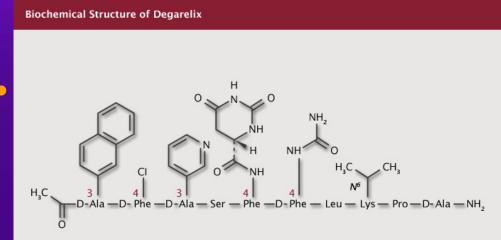
- Degarelix was discovered at the Ferring Research Institute, Inc. in San Diego and developed by Ferring R&D
- Of 400 molecules studied, degarelix had the longest duration of action and best safety profile

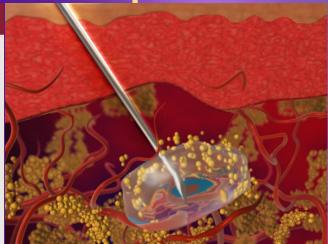


Molecule

 A fully synthetic, linear decapeptide amide containing seven unnatural amino acids, five of which are D-amino acids

A natural gelling depot with a unique





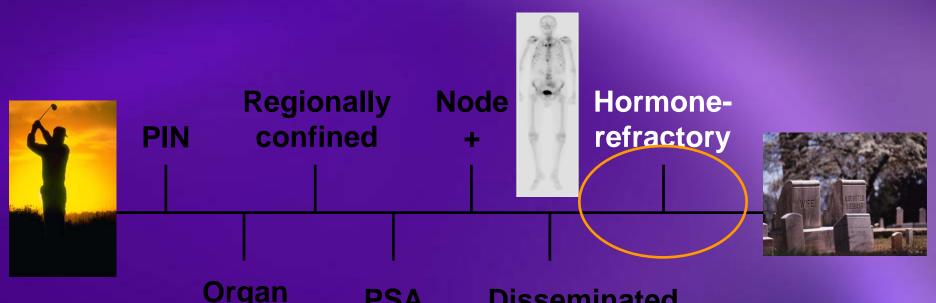
Degarelix: direct and logical mode of action – no stimulation of hypothalamic-pituitary-gonadal axis

Hypothalamus (-) **GnRH Degarelix Anterior** Mechanism of action pituitary is well established **Testes** Inhibin **Testosterone**

Future hormonal therapy

- ADT remains the mainstay of pharmacological therapy of prostate cancer
- More selective use guided by patient risk and benefit
- GnRH agonists produce an initial hormone surge
- New promising hormone treatments on horizon may better mimic orchidectomy and provide additional benefits for patient

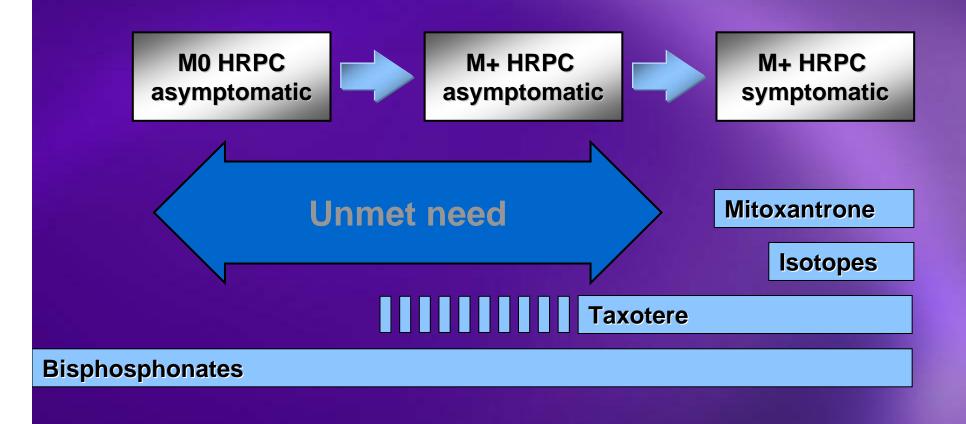
The prostate cancer continuum



Organ confined

PSA failure **Disseminated**

Currently Approved Therapies for HRPC



HRPC 2006

3-Weekly Taxotere

- = The New Standard
- to which newer treatments or combinations for HRPC
- need to be compared

EAU Guidelines

Prostate Cancer Treatment Paradigms





Clinically Localized

Relapsed and Newly diagnosed M+

Hormone Refractory









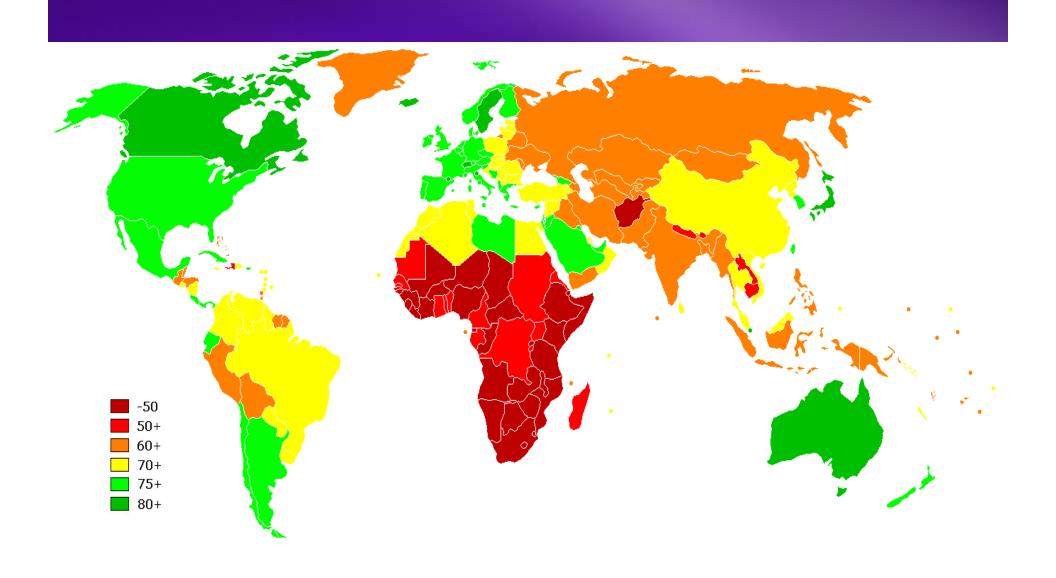
Local treatment

Endocrine

Docetaxel



The world population is ageing.....



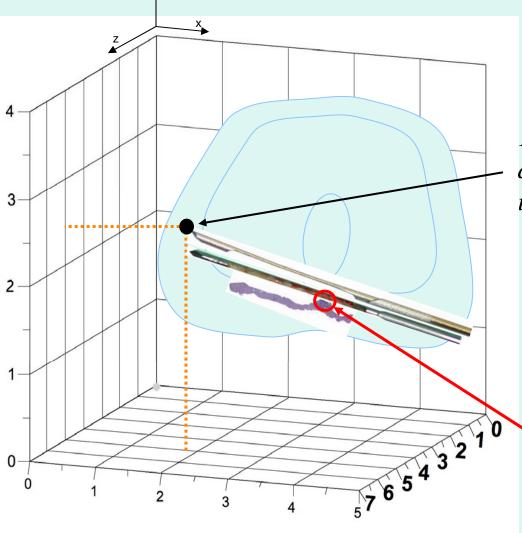


Time is relative

A. Einstein

Time is essential for most patients!

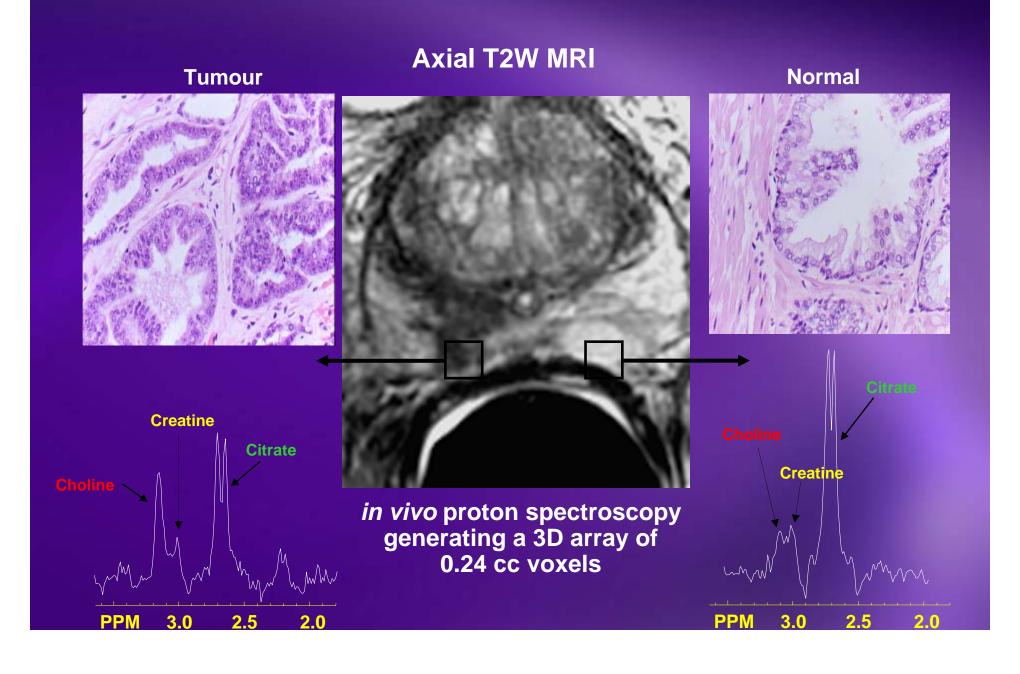
Minimal Invasive Surgery



1mm³ of the tissue can be defined three dimensionally in the prostate

Navigational minimal invasive surgery

Identification of Cancer using erMRI Spectroscopy



So what about 2020?



Treatment effectiveness:

- <u>Screening trials will show an improvement in survival</u> of men with screen-detected prostate cancer
- Treatment effectiveness trials will show an improved outcome by radical treatment in men with intermediate& high (?) risk disease
- Robotic-assisted laparoscopic surgery will prevail
- Fewer centres and fewer surgeons will perform more procedures

Take-Home-Messages:

- PSA is still the golden standard, but
- New molecular markers and
- improved treatment options with low morbidity
- Early detection programs are accepted!



Promotion of recent advances in basic research into clinical practise!



